

19ECP4
CATHODE RAY TUBE

19 INCH, RECTANGULAR, GLASS	FACE PLATE -- SPHERICAL GRAY
FOCUS -- ELECTROSTATIC	NON ION TRAP GUN
DEFLECTION -- MAGNETIC	ALUMINIZED SCREEN
114 DEGREE DEFLECTION ANGLE	EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING

-----DESCRIPTION AND RATING-----

The 19ECP4 is a 19-inch rectangular glass picture tube employing banded type implosion protection. Outstanding features include a non-ion-trap gun, a 450 ma. heater and a small neck diameter. The fluorescent screen is aluminized to increase light output and reduce undesirable screen charging. An external conductive coating serves as a filter capacitor when grounded and contributes to the reduction of sweep induced radiation.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Focusing Method.	Electrostatic
Deflection Angle, Approximate	
Horizontal.	102 degrees
Vertical.	87 degrees
Diagonal	114 degrees
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	
Cathode to all other electrodes, approximate. .5 μ f	
Grid #1 to all other electrodes, approximate. .6 μ f	
External Conductive Coating to Anode	1500 max. μ f
	1000 min. μ f
Heater Current at 6.3 volts	450 \pm 23 ma.
Heater Warm Up Time	11 sec.

OPTICAL DATA

Phosphor Number	P4 Aluminized
Light Transmittance at Center Approx.	47 percent

CATHODE RAY TUBE DEPARTMENT

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

Syracuse, N. Y.

MECHANICAL DATA

Overall Length	11 3/4 [±] 1/4 inches
Greatest Dimensions of Tube	
Diagonal	18 3/4 [±] 1/8 inches
Width	16 17/32 [±] 1/8 inches
Height	13 19/32 [±] 1/8 inches
Minimum Useful Screen Dimensions (Projected)	
Diagonal	17 9/16 inches
Horizontal Axis	15 1/8 inches
Vertical Axis	12 inches
Area	172 sq. inches
Neck Length	4 1/2 [±] 1/8 inches
Bulb	J149 F1
Bulb Contact	JETEC No. J1-21
Base	JETEC No. B7-237 or B7-208
Basing	8 HR
Bulb Contact Alignment	
Anode Contact Aligns with Pin No. 4 [±] 30 degrees	

RATINGS (Design Maximum System)

Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are positive and measured with respect to cathode.

Maximum Anode Voltage	20,000 volts
Minimum Anode Voltage	13,000 volts
Maximum Grid 4 (Focusing Electrode) Voltage.	-500 to +1000 volts
Minimum Grid 2 Voltage	100 volts
Maximum Grid 2 Voltage	250 volts
Grid 1 Voltage	
Maximum Negative Value	140 volts DC
Maximum Negative Peak Value	200 volts
Maximum Positive Value	0 volts DC
Maximum Positive Peak Value	2 volts
Maximum Heater Voltage	6.9 volts
Minimum Heater Voltage	5.7 volts
Maximum Heater-Cathode Voltage	
Heater negative with respect to cathode	
During warm-up period not to exceed 15 sec.	410 volts
After equipment warm-up period	180 volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	
	180 volts

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS (Cathode Drive Service)

Anode Voltage	16,000 volts DC
Grid #4 Voltage (Focusing Electrode, Notes 2)	-250 to +150 volts DC
Grid #2 Voltage	150 volts DC
Cathode to Grid #1 Voltage (Note 1)	36 to 54 volts DC

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Maximum Grid #1 Circuit Resistance 1.5 max. megohm
Grid #2 Circuit Resistance 0.1 min. megohm
Focusing Electrode Circuit Resistance 0.1 min. megohm

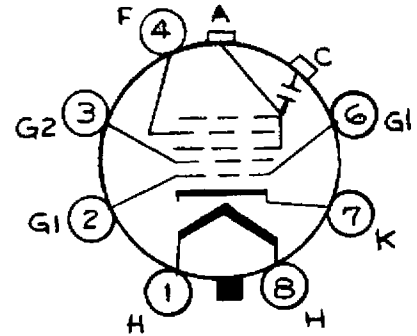
Protective resistance in Grid No. 2 and focusing electrical circuits is advisable to prevent damage to tube. If applicable, one resistor common to both circuits may be used.

NOTES:

1. Visual extinction of focused raster.
2. With the combined Grid #1 bias voltage and video-signal voltage adjusted to give an anode current of 150 microamperes on a 15 1/8 x 11 15/16" pattern from RCA 2F21 monoscope or equivalent.

Diagram Notes

1. The reference line is determined by the intersection of the plane C-C of gage (EIA No. 126) with the glass funnel.
2. Deflection angle on the diagonal is 114° .
3. Anode terminal aligns with pin No. 4 ± 30 degrees.
4. Use a non-rigidly mounted socket with flexible leads. Bottom circumference of base wafer will fall within 1-3/4 inch diameter circle concentric with the bulb axis.



BASING DIAGRAM
8HR