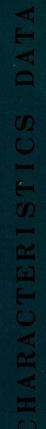
TRANSMITTING TUBES





was M47

NEC

NEC

S



NEC Nippon Electric Company Ltd.

FOREWORD

For the past twenty five years, Nippon Electric Co., Ltd. has contributed much of its effort in enhancing the status of Electron Tube Industry in Japan to one of the highest level in the world.

A significant attitude which the Nippon Electric has been holding for years passed and years to come is the "Quality First." The NEC Transmitting Tubes have been noted for its Long life, Excellent performance and Good uniformity.

A substantial part of NEC Transmitting Tubes is provided with good interchangeability with American tubes such as R. C. A., G. E., Western Electric and Eimac, while some of them are interchangeable with European tube types like S. T. C., Mullard and Philips. The corresponding types are shown side by side by our own designations.

We are ready to supply these tubes, strictly in accordance with military specifications if the customers so desire upon request.

There are other electron tubes of our manufacture like Microwave Tubes, Cathode Ray Tubes, Receiving, Reliable or Repeater Tubes and Special Purpose Tubes; the catalogs in English covering these tubes are also available from Foreign Trade Division, Nippon Electric Company, Ltd.

2

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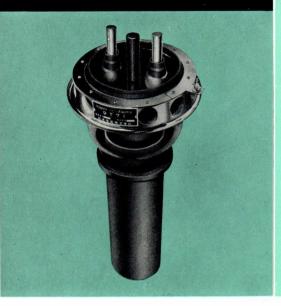
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Rectifier

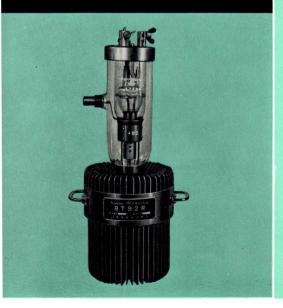
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NB. Refinis

NEC 9171 EUROPEAN TYPE — AMERICAN TYPE 5770



NEC 8T92R EUROPEAN TYPE BR-175 AMERICAN TYPE 892-R



POWER TRIODE (Water Cooled, Grounded-Grid Type)

Filament, Multistrand Thoriated-	Tungsten :
Excitation	Single phase A.C or D.C
Voltage	11 Volts
Current	285 Amperes
Starting Current	570 Amperes
Amplification Factor	39
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance	s (Approx.):
Grid to Plate	53 pF
Grid to Filament	89 pF
Plate to Filament	1.2 pF.
Plate Voltage (D.C)	17,000 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	50,000 Watts max.

Cooling air flow, 75 l/min for the maximum plate dissipation must be delivered before the application of any voltages.

Air Flow to Filament Seals 0.3 m³/min

POWER TRIODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

Filament Tungsten, Two-unit Type	
Excitation	1ϕ A.C., 2ϕ A.C. or D.C.
Voltage per unit	11 Volts
Current per unit	60 Amperes

Note: When a single-phase or D-C supply is used, do not connect the two filament sections in parallel. Doing so will overheat common filament lead (Center tap terminal) and damage the tube.

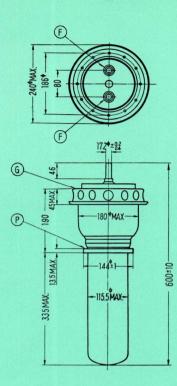
Amplification Factor	50	
Transconductance (for plate current of 1	.0 Amp.) 9,000	μ Mhos
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):	
Grid to Plate	20 pF	
Grid to Filament	22 pF	
Plate to Filament	1.9 pF	
Plate Voltage (D.C.)	12,000 Volts 1	nax.
Plate Dissipation	6,000 Watts n	nax.

Cooling air flow, 20m³/min for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.

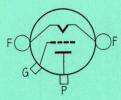
Note: The filament terminals are not identical with those of American Type.



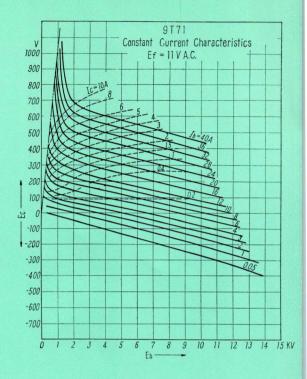
Unit mm



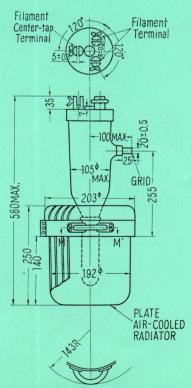
Terminal Connection



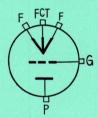
F-Filament G-Grid-Flange Terminal P-Water-Cooled Plate Terminal



Unit mm

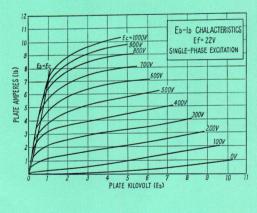


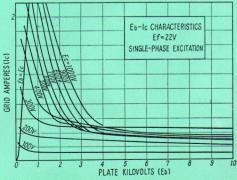
Terminal Connection



TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

VERTICAL: Glass end up HORIZONTAL: Not advisable





NEC 8T71R EUROPEAN TYPE — AMERICAN TYPE 5671



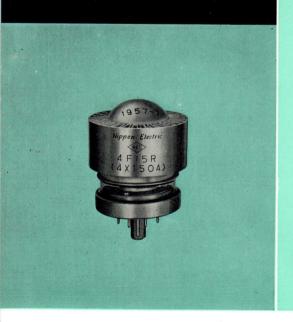
POWER TRIODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

Filament, Multistrand Thoriated Tungs	ten:
Excitation	Single Phase A.C or D.C
Voltage	11 Volts
Current	285 Amperes
Starting Current	570 Amperes
Amplification Factor	39
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Ap	prox.):
Grid to Plate	52 pF
Grid to Filament	88 pF
Plate to Filament	1.5 pF
Plate Voltage (D.C)	15,000 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	25,000 Watts max.

Cooling air flow, $65m^3/min$ for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.

Air Flow To Filament Seals 0.3 m³/min

NEC 4F15R EUROPEAN TYPE QEL·1/150 AMERICAN TYPE 4X150A



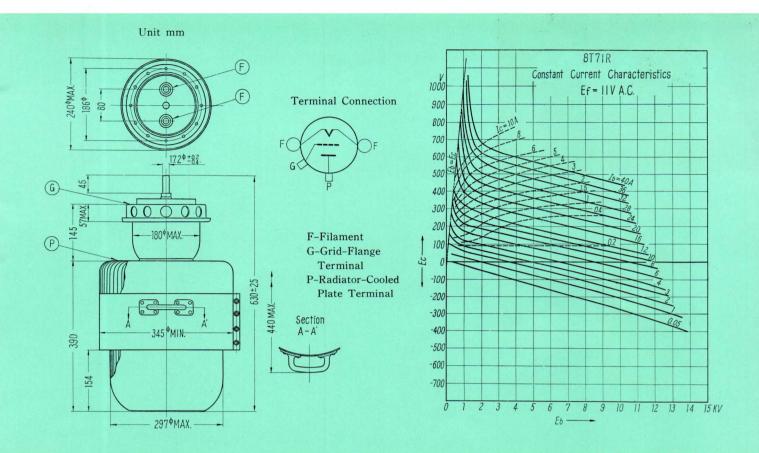
7

RADIAL BEAM POWER TETRODE (Force-Air Cooled) USEFUL AT FREQUENCY UP TO 500 Mc

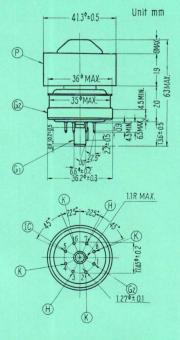
Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:		
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	6.0	Volts
Current	2.6	Amperes
Minimum Heating Time	30 s	sec.
Mu-Factor Grid No.2 to Grid No.1 (for Grid No.2 Volts=300)		5
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (App	prox.):	
Grid No.1 to Plate		0.02 pF
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.2 and heater		15.5 pF
Plate to cathode, grid No.2 and heater		4.5 pF
Plate Voltage (D.C) 1250) Volts max.
Plate Dissipation 150		Watts max.
Grid No.2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	300	Volts max.
Crid No.2 (Screen) Dissipation	12 V	Watts max.

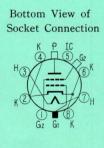
Cooling air flow, 0.2 $\rm m^3/min$ for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.





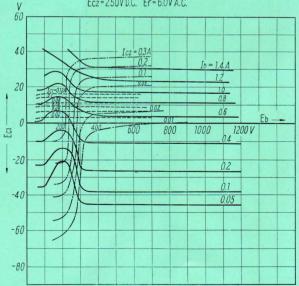
Unit mm





Pin 1-Grid No. 2 Pin 2-Cathode Pin 3-Heater Pin 4-Cathode Pin 5-Internal Connection Do Not Use Pin 6-Cathode Pin 7-Heater Pin 8-Cathode Base Index Plug-Grid No. 1 P-Plate Radiator Terminal G₂-Grid No. 2 (Ring)

4F15R Constant Current Characteristics Ecz=250VD.C. Er=6.0VA.C.



NEC 6F50R EUROPEAN TYPE QBL+4/800

AMERICAN TYPE 4X 500A



RADIAL BEAM POWER TETRODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

Filament, Thoriated Tungsten :	
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	5.0 Volts
Current	13.5 Amperes
Mu-Factor, Grid No.2 to Grid No.1	6.2
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (App	prox.):
Grid No.1 to plate	0.05 pF
Input	12.8 pF
Output	5.6 pF
Plate Voltage (D.C)	4000 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	500 Watts max.
Grid No.2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	500 Volts max.
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Dissipation	30 Watts max.

Cooling air flow $1 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ for the maximum plate dissipation must be delivered before the application of any voltages.

NEC 8F66R EUROPEAN TYPE CR 192 AMERICAN TYPE 6166

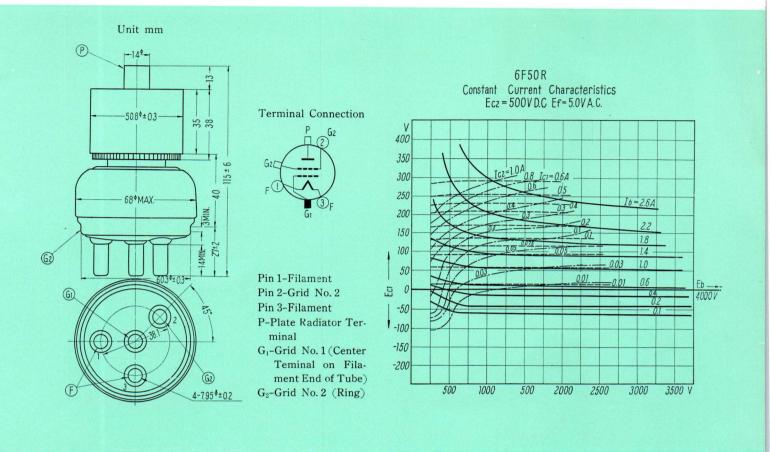


VHF BEAM POWER TETRODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

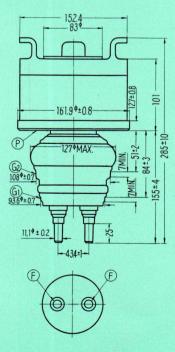
Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:		
Voltage (A.C or D.C)	5 Volts	
Current	177 Amperes	
Minimum Heating Time	15 sec	
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1	10	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:		
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.6 pF max.	
Grid No.1 to Filament	44 pF	
Plate to Filament	0.08 pF max.	
Grid No.1 to Grid No.2	60 pF	
Grid No. 2 to Plate	23 pF	
Plate Voltage (D.C)	6600 Volts max.	
Plate Dissipation	10000 Watts max.	
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	2000 Volts max.	
Grid No.2 (Screen) Dissipation	400 Watts max.	

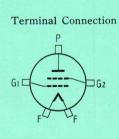
Cooling air flow, $10 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.



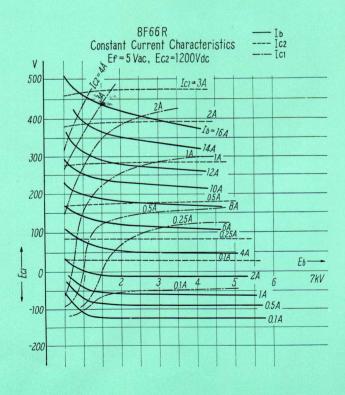


Unit mm

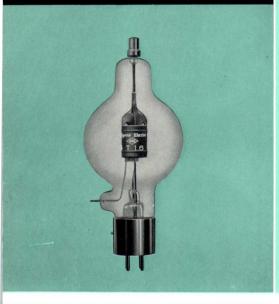




F-Filament G₁-Grid-No. 1 Term. (Adjacent to Fil. Posts) G₂-Grid-No. 2 Terminal (Between Grid No. 1 & Grid No. 2 Term) P-Plate Terminal(Ring of Radiator)



NEC 4T16 EUROPEAN TYPE — AMERICAN TYPE 100-TL



NEC 4117

EUROPEAN TYPE TB 3/350 AMERICAN TYPE 100-TH

LOW-MU POWER TRIODE

Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:	
Voltage (AC or DC)	5 Volts
Current	6.3 Amperes
Amplification Factor	14
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Ap	pprox.):
Grid to Plate	2 pF
Grid to Filament	2.3 pF
Plate to Filament	0.4 pF
Plate Voltage (D.C)	3000 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	100 Watts max.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

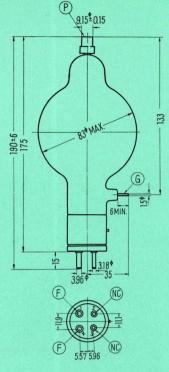
HIGH-MU POWER TRIODE

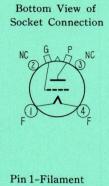
Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:	
Voltage (AC or DC)	5 Volts
Current	6.3 Amperes
Amplification Factor	38
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances ((Approx.):
Grid to Plate	2 pF
Grid to Filament	3 pF
Plate to Filament	0.3 pF
Plate Voltage (D.C)	3000 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	100 Watts max.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

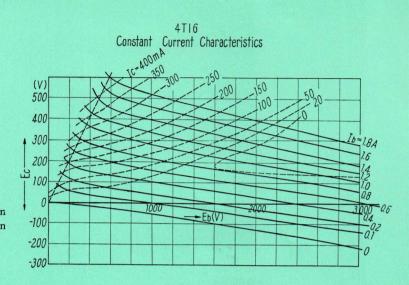


Unit mm

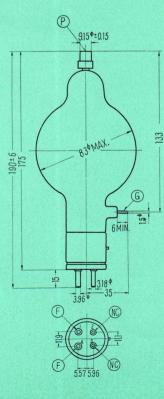




Pin 2-No Connection Pin 3-No Connection Pin 4-Filament Cap-Plate Side-Grid



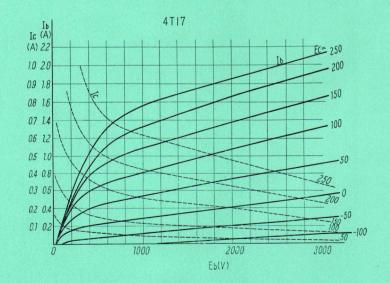
Unit mm



Bottom View of Socket Connection



Pin 1-Filament Pin 2-No Connection Pin 3-No Connection Pin 4-Filament Cap-Plate Side-Grid







NEC 5T33

EUROPEAN TYPE TY4-350 AMERICAN TYPE 833-A

5 T 3 3

LOW-MU POWER TRIODE

Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:	
Voltage (A.C or D.C)	7.5 Volts
Current	12 Amperes
Amplification Factor	18
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances	s (Approx.):
Grid to Plate	4.5 pF
Grid to Filament	6.8 pF
Plate to Filament	0.8 pF
Plate Voltage (D.C)	6000 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	450 Watts max.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

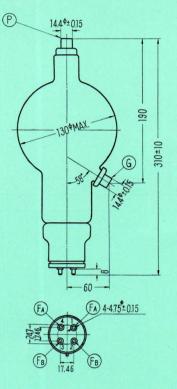
POWER TRIODE

Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:			
Voltage (AC or DC)	10 Volts		
Current	10 Amperes		
Amplification Factor	35		
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):			
Grid to Plate	6.3 pF		
Grid to Filament	12.3 pF		
Plate to Filament	8.5 pF		
Plate Voltage (D.C)	3000 Volts max.		
Plate Dissipation	300 Watts max.		

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.



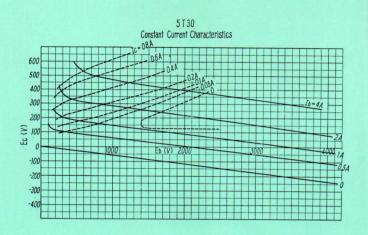
Unit mm



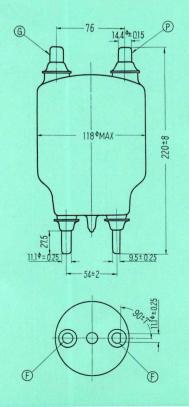
Socket Connection F_B G F_A F_A F_B F_B F_B

Bottom View of

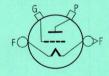
Pin 1-Filament A Pin 2-Filament B Pin 3-Filament B Pin 4-Filament A Cap-Plate Side-Grid



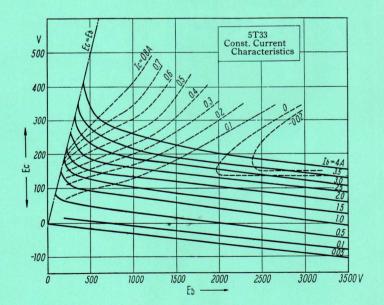
Unit mm



Terminal Connection



P-Plate G-Grid F-Filament







NEC UV-211A

EUROPEAN TYPE 3B/850A

211

AMERICAN TYPE

HIGH-MU POWER TRIODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

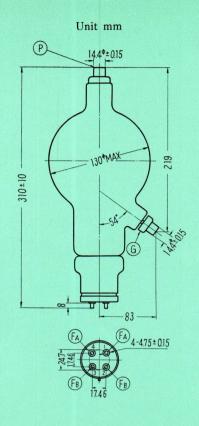
Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:			
Voltage (A.C or D.C)	7.5 Volts		
Current	16 Amperes		
Amplification Factor	35		
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):			
Grid to Plate	5.1 pF		
Grid to Filament	9.3 pF		
Plate to Filament	ent 0.5 pF		
Plate Voltage (D.C)	7500 Volts max.		
Plate Dissipation	1000 Watts max.		

Cooling air flow to Plate terminal, Grid terminal and Filament base, $0.06 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ for maximum plate dissipations.

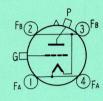
POWER TRIODE

Filament Thoriated Tungsten		
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.) 10 V		S
Current	3.25 A	mperes
Transconductance (for plate current of 75	mA.)	3,800 µ Mhos
Amplification Factor		12
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (App	rox.):	
Grid to Plate 15 pF		
Grid to Filament 6 p		
Plate to Filament	ate to Filament 5 pF	
Plate Voltage (D.C.)	1,250 Volts max.	
Plate Dissipation	75 Watts max.	

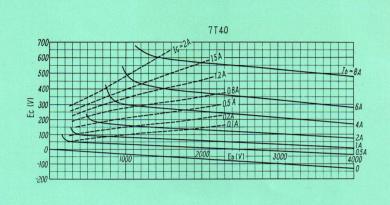




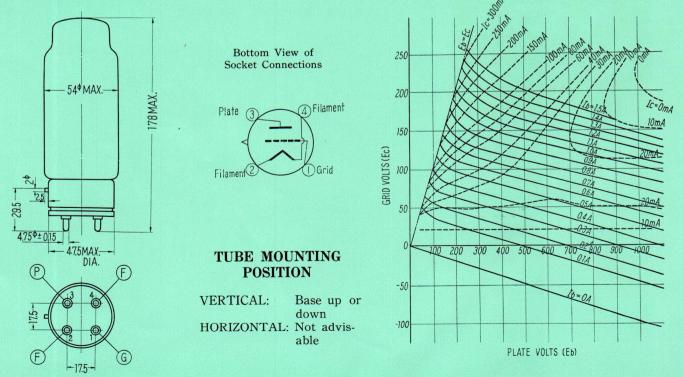
Bottom View of Socket Connection



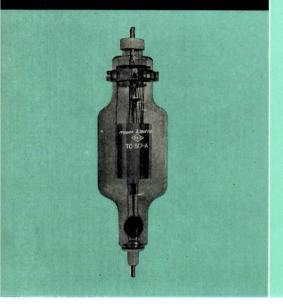
Pin 1-Filament A Pin 2-Filament B Pin 3-Filament B Pin 4-Filament A Cap-Plate Side-Grid



Unit mm







NEC TC-522-A

EUROPEAN TYPE 4279-A AMERICAN TYPE 279-A

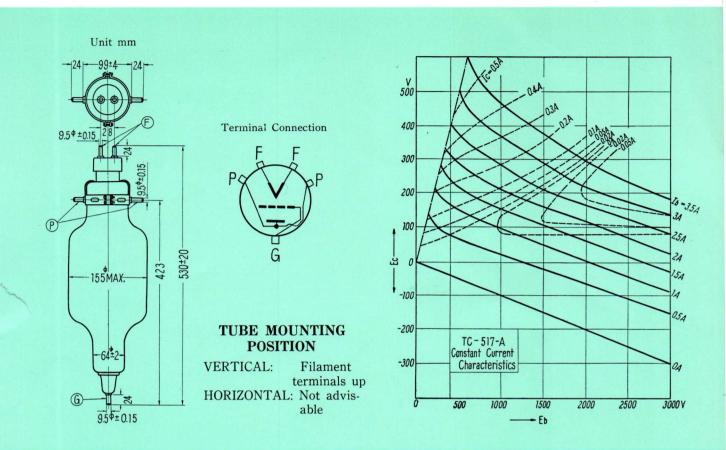
R-F POWER AMPLIFIER, OSCILLATOR

Filament Thoriated Tungsten		
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	D.C.) 10 Volts	
Current	15 Amperes	
Transconductance (for plate current of 24	0 mA.)	4,000 μ Mhos
Amplification factor 10		
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Ap	prox.):	
Grid to Plate	8 pF	
Grid to Filament	10 pF	
Plate to Filament 6 pF		
Plate Voltage (D.C.)	3000	Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	600	Volts max.

R-F POWER AMPLIFIER, OSCILLATOR

Filament Thoriated Tungsten			
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	10 Volts		
Current	21 Amperes		
Transconductance (for plate current of 4	00 mA.) 6,000 μMhos		
Amplification factor	11		
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Ap	oprox.):		
Grid to Plate	22 pF		
Grid to Filament	19 pF		
Plate to Filament	12 pF		
Plate Voltage (D.C.)	3,000 Volts max.		
Plate Dissipation	1,000 Watts max.		





Unit mm

F

9.50±0.15

423

530±20-

99±4

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155 MAX:

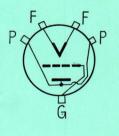
64 +2

G 9.5+±0.15

9.5°±0.15 2 8

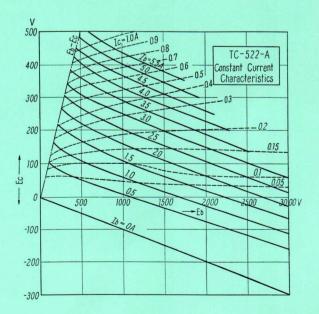
PLATE

Terminal Connection

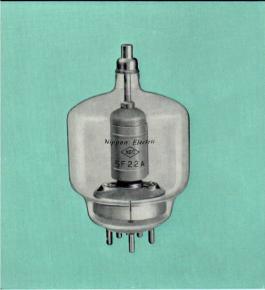


TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

VERTICAL: Filament terminals up HORIZONTAL: Not advisable



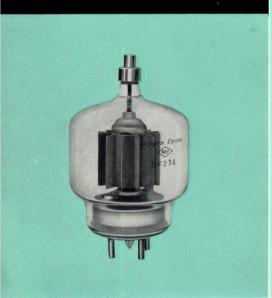
NEC 5F22A EUROPEAN TYPE QB3.5/750 AMERICAN TYPE 4-250 A



RADIAL BEAM POWER TETRODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

		And the second	
Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:			
Voltage (A.C or D.C) 5		5 Volts	
Current	14 Amperes		
Transconductance (for $E_b=2500$ V, $E_{c_2}=500$ V, and $I_b=10$	00mA)	4,000 µ Mhos	
Mu-Factor, Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1 (for $E_b=0$, $E_{c2}=500V$, and $I_{c2}=70mA$)		5.3	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:			
Grid No.1 to Plate 0.14		pF max.	
Input (Approx.) 12.6		pF	
Output (Approx.) 4.4		pF.	
Plate Voltage (D.C) 4		4000 Volts max.	
Plate Dissipation 25		250 Watts max.	
Grid No.2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	600	Volts max.	
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Dissipation 35 Watts max.		Watts max.	

Cooling air flow, $0.06 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.



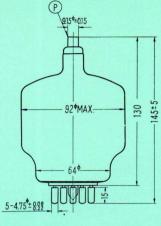
RADIAL BEAM POWER TETRODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

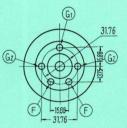
Filament Thoriated Tungsten:			
Voltage (A.C or D.C)	5 Volts		
Current	14 Amperes		
Transconductance (for $E_b=2500V$, $E_{c2}=500V$, and $I_b=100$ mA)4,000 μ Mhos			
Mu Factor Crid No. 2 to Grid No. 1 (for $E_b=0$, $E_{c2}=500V$, and $I_{c2}=70mA$) 5.3			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:			
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.17 pF max.		
Input (Approx.)	12.6 pF		
Output (Approx.)	4.9 pF		
Plate Voltage (D.C)	4000 Volts max.		
Plate Dissipation	400 Watts max.		
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	600 Volts max.		
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Dissipation	35 Watts max.		

Cooling air flow, $0.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.

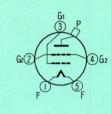


Unit mm

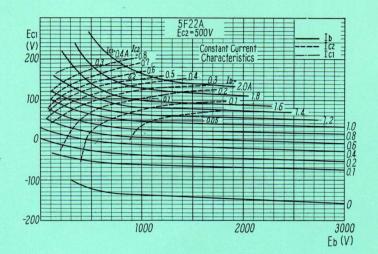


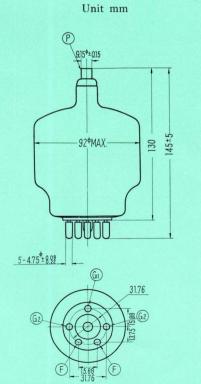


Bottom View of Socket Connection

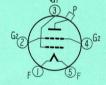


Pin 1-Filament Pin 2-Grid No. 2 Pin 3-Grid No. 1 Pin 4-Grid No. 2 Pin 5-Filament Cap-Plate

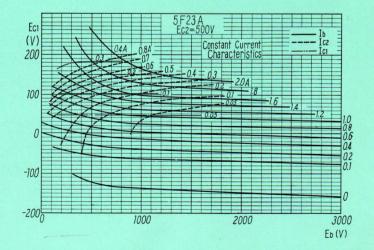




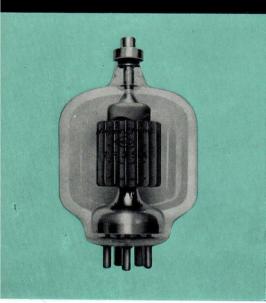
Bottom View of Socket Connection



Pin 1-Filament Pin 2-Grid No. 2 Pin 3-Grid No. 1 Pin 4-Grid No. 2 Pin 5-Filament Cap-Plate



NEC 7F25A



NEC 4B13

EUROPEAN TYPE QB 2/250

Ele

813

AMERICAN TYPE

RADIAL BEAM POWER TETRODE (Forced-Air Cooled)

Filament, Thoriated Tungsten:			
Voltage (A.C or D.C) 7.5 Volts			
Current	21 Amperes		
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1 (for $E_b=0$, $E_{c_2}=1000V$, and $I_{c_2}=75mA$) 6.9			
Transconductance (for $E_b=2500V$, $E_{c_2}=500V$, and $I_b=300mA$) 10,000 μ Mhos			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):			
Grid No.1 to plate 0.24 pF			
Input 27.2 pF		pF	
Output 7.6 pF		pF .	
Plate Voltage (D.C)	Voltage (D.C) 6000 Volts max.		
Plate Dissipation	1000 Watts max.		
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	1000 Volts max.		
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Dissipation	o. 2 (Screen) Dissipation 75 Watts max.		

Cooling air flow, $1.25 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$ for the maximum plate dissipation, must be delivered before the application of any voltages.

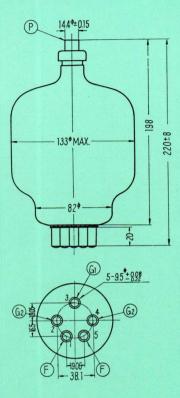
BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

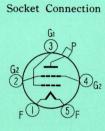
Filament Thoriated Tungsten:				
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	10 Volts			
Current	5 Amperes			
Transconductance (for plate current of 50 mA.)	3,750 µMhos			
Mu-Factor, Grid No.1 to Grid No.2	8.5			
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):				
Grid No.1 to Plate (with no external shielding)	0.16 pF			
Input	16 pF			
Output	13 pF			
Plate Voltage (D.C.)	2,000 Volts max.			
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C.)	400 Volts max.			
Plate Dissipation	100 Watts max.			
Grid No. 2 Dissipation	22 Watts max.			

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivarent type is also printed.



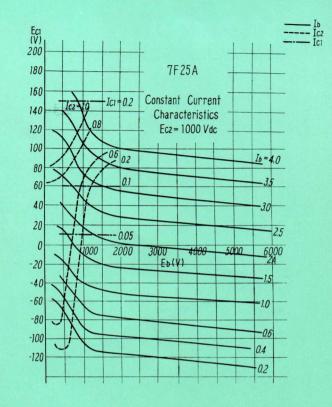


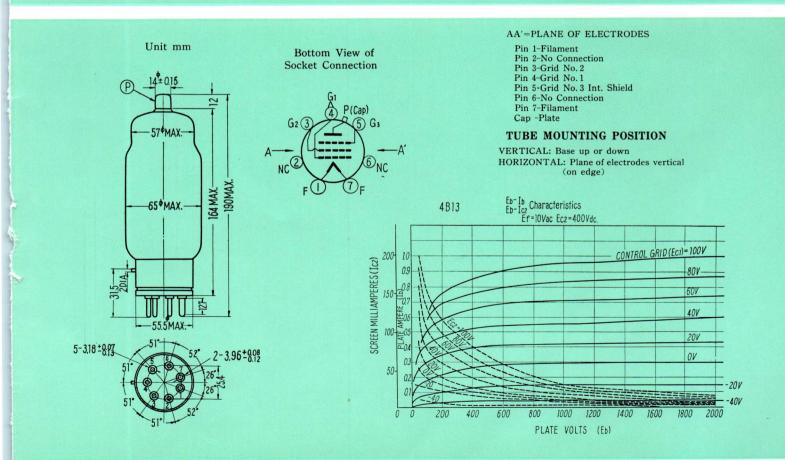




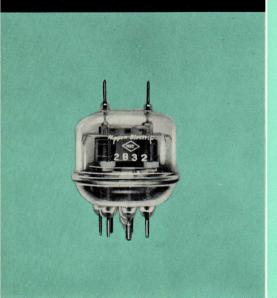
Bottom View of

Pin 1-Filament Pin 2-Grid No. 2 Pin 3-Grid No. 1 Pin 4-Grid No. 2 Pin 5-Filament Cap-Plate





NEC 2B32 EUROPEAN TYPE QQE 04/20 AMERICAN TYPE 832 - A

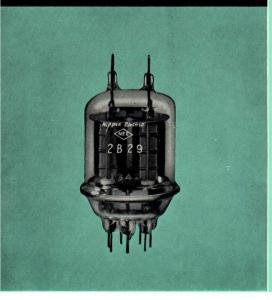


PUSH-PULL R-F BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

	And the second states				
Heater, for Unipotential Ca	athodes :				
Heater Arrangement	Series		Parallel		
Voltage (AC. or DC.)	12.6 Volts		6.3 Volts		
Current	0.8 Ampere		1.6 Amperes		
Transconductance (Each U (for plate current of			hos		
Mu-Factor, Grid-No.1 to G	rid-No. 2	6.5			
Direct Interelectrode Capac	itances (Eacl	h Unit):			
Grid-No.1 to Plate*	0.07 pF		nax.		
Input (Approx.)		8 pF	8 pF		
Output (Approx.)	3.8 pF				
Grid-No. 2 to Cathode (including internal grid No.2 by-pass capacitor, Approx.)		65 pF			
* With external shiel	d up to flang	ge seal			
Plate Voltage (D.C.)		750 Volts max.			
Plate Dissipation		15 Watts			
Grid-No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C.)		250 Volts			
Grid-No. 2 Dissipation		5 Watts max.			

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.



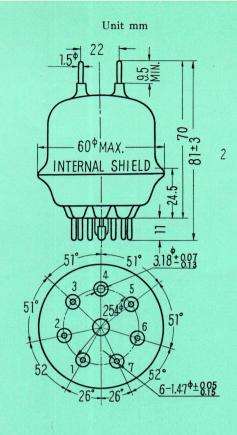


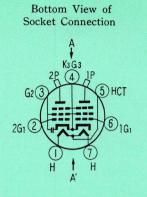
PUSH-PULL R-F BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Heater Arrangement	Series		Parallel	
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	12.6 Volts		6.3 Volts	
Current	1.125 Amperes		2.25 Amperes	
Transconductance (Each U (for plate current of	Init) 60 mA.)		8,500 μMhos	
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Gr	rid No.1		9	
Direct Interelectrode Capac	itances (Each I	Unit):		
Grid-No.1 to Plate*	0.12		pF max.	
Input (Approx.)	14.5		pF	
Output (Approx.)	7 pl			
Grid-No.2 to Cathode (Including internal grid pass capacitor, Approx				
* With external shield	d up to flange	seal		
Plate Voltage (D.C.) 750 V		750 Volts	s max.	
Plate Dissipation			30 Watts max. (Natural cooling) 40 Watts max. (Forced Air cooling)	
Grid-No. 2 (Screen) Voltage	e (D.C.) 225 Vo		225 Volts max.	
Grid-No. 2 Dissipation 7 Wat		7 Watts max.		

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.





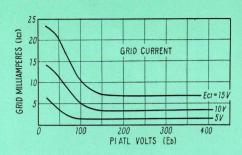


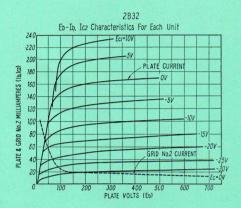
PLANE OF ELECTRODES OF EACH UNIT IS PARALLEL TO PLANE THROUGH AXIS OE TUBE AA'=

- Pin 1-Heater Pin 2-Grid No. 1 of Unit No. 2 Pin 3-Grid No. 2 Pin 4-Cathode, Grid No. 3 Pin 5-Heater Center Tap Pin 6-Grid No. 1 of Unit No. 1 Pin 7-Heater IP, & 2P-Plate Terminals of Units No. 1 and No. 2 respectively

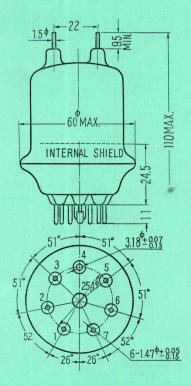
TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

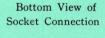
VERTICAL: Plate terminals up or down HORIZONTAL: Plane of each Plate in Vertical position (on edge) Connections should never be soldered to the tube terminals

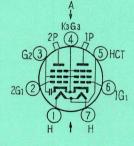




Unit mm







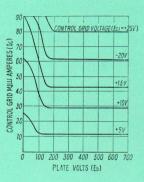
AA'=PLANE OF ELECTRODES OF EACH UNIT IS PARALLEL TO PLANE THROUGH AXIS OF TUBE

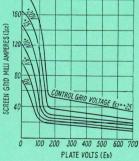
- Pin 1-Heater Pin 2-Grid No. 1 of Unit No. 2 Pin 3-Grid No. 2 Pin 4-Cathode, Grid No. 3 Pin 5-Heater Center Tap Pin 6-Grid No. 1 of Unit No. 1 Pin 7-Heater

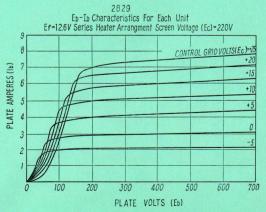
- 1P, & 2P-Plate Terminals of Units No. 1 and No. 2 respectively

TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

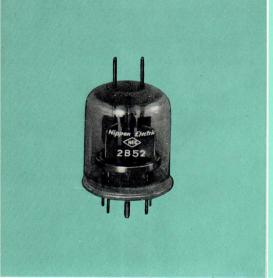
VERTICAL: Plate terminals up or down HORIZONTAL: Plane of each Plate in vertical Position (on edge) Connections should never be soldered to the tube terminals







NEC 2B52 EUROPEAN TYPE QQE03/20 AMERICAN TYPE 6252

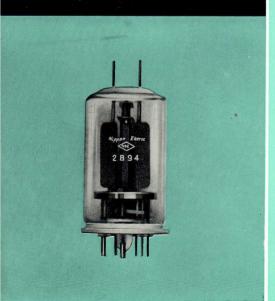


PUSH-PULL R-F BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Heater, for Unipotential Ca	thode:				
Heater Arrangement	Series		Parallel		
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	12.6		6.3 Volts		
Current	0.0	65	1.3 Amperes		
Transconductance Each Un (for plate current of 20 n	3000 N		Mhos		
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to G	rid No.1		8		
Direct Interelectrode Capac	itances (Eacl	h Unit):			
Grid-No.1 to Plate*	Grid-No.1 to Plate*		0.06 pF max.		
Input (Approx.)		6.5 pF	6.5 pF		
Output (Approx.)	prox.)		2.2 pF		
* With external shield	up to flange	seal			
Plate Voltage (D.C.)		600 Volts max.			
Plate Dissipation		20 Watts max.			
Grid No.2 (Screen) Voltage	e (D.C) 250		ts max.		
Grid No.2 (Screen) Dissipa	Screen) Dissipation		max.		
	The set of	the second s	and the second		

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.





PUSH-PULL R-F BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

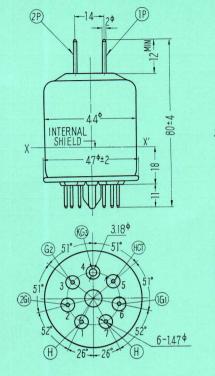
Heater Arrangement	Series		Parallel	
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	12.6		6.3 Volts	
Current	0.9		1.8 Amperes	
Transconductance (Each Un (for plate current of			7,500 μ Mhos	
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1		8.2		
Direct Interelectrode Capaci	tances (Each Unit):			
Grid-No.1 to Plate*		0.09 pF max.		
Input (Approx.)		10.5 pF		
Output (Approx.)	3.2	3.2 pF		

Plate Voltage (D.C.)	600 Volts max.		
Plate Dissipation	40 Watts max.		
Grid-No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C.)	250 Volts max.		
Grid-No.2 (Screen) Dissipation	7 Watts max.		

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

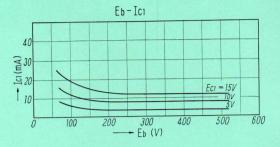


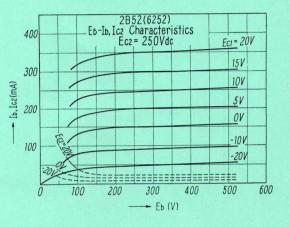




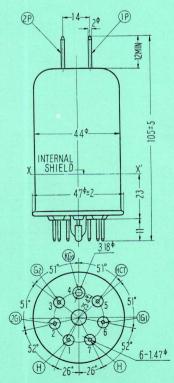
Bottom View of Socket Connection K,G3G22P4 1P5 HCT 6 1G1H1 7 H

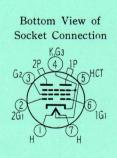
Pin 1-Heater Pin 2-Grid No.1 Unit No.2 Pin 3-Grid No.2 Pin 4-Cathode, Grid No.3 Internal Shield Pin 5-Heater Center Tap Pin 6-Grid No.1 of Unit No.1 Pin 7-Heater 1P, & 2P-Plate of Unit No.1 & No.2





Unit mm



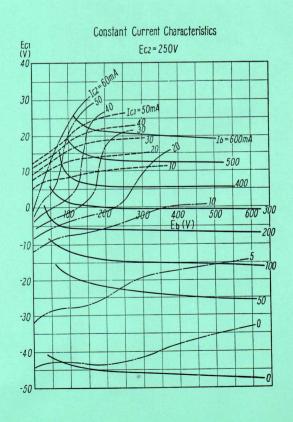


Pin 1-Heater Pin 2-Grid No.1 of Unit No.2 Pin 3-Grid No.2 Pin 4-Cathode Grid No.3 Internal Shield Pin 5-Heater Center Tap

Pin 6-Grid No.1 of Unit No.1

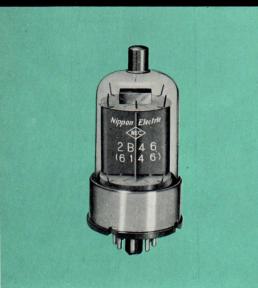
Pin 7-Heater

1P, & 2P-Plate of Unit No.1 & No.2



NEC 2B46 EUROPEAN TYPE QE05/40

AMERICAN TYPE 6146



NEC 2E26

AMERICAN TYPE 2E26

J

EUROPEAN TYPE -

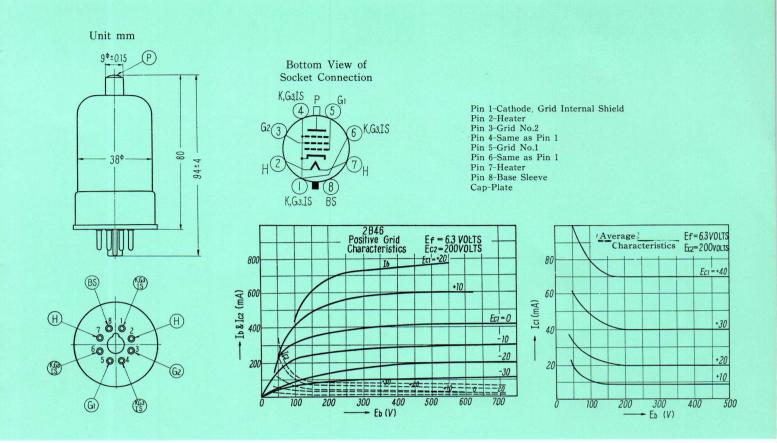
VHF BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:	
Voltage (A.C or D.C)	6.3 Volts
Current	1.25 Amperes.
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1	4.5
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.22 pF max.
Input (Approx.)	13 pF.
Output (Approx.)	8.5 pF.
Plate Voltage (D.C)	600 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	20 Watts max.
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	250 Volts max.
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Dissipation	3 Watts max.

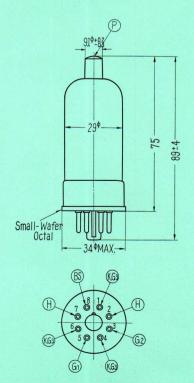
BEAM POWER TETRODE

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:	
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 Volts
Current	0.8 Amperes
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1	6.5
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	利用的新生活。 在1993年1月1日
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.2 pF max
Input (Approx.)	13 pF
Output (Approx.)	7 pF
Plate Voltage (DC)	500 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	10 Watts max.
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Voltage (D.C)	200 Volts max.
Grid No. 2 (Screen) Dissipation	2.5 Watts max.

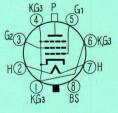




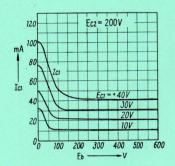
Unit mm

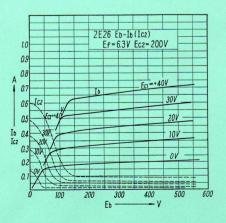


Bottom View of Socket Connection

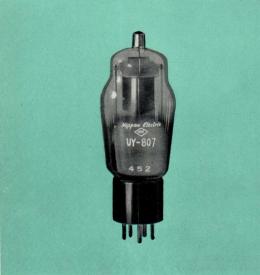


Pin 1-Cathode, Grid No. 3 Internal Shield Pin 2-Heater Pin 3-Grid No. 2 Pin 4-Same as Pin 1 Pin 5-Grid No.1 Pin 6-Same as Pin 1 Pin 7-Heater Pin 8-Base Sleeve Cap-Plate





NEC UY-807 EUROPEAN TYPE QE06/50 AMERICAN TYPE 8 0 7



NEC 2P22

EUROPEAN TYPE CV-798

2E22

AMERICAN TYPE

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

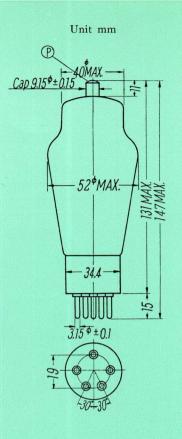
Heater for Unipotential Cathode:		
Voltage (A.C. or D.C.)	6.3 Volts	
Current	0.9 Amperes	
Transconductance (Approx.)	6,000 μ Mhos	
Mu-Factor, Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1 8		
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance :		
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.2 pF max.	
Input (Approx.)	12 pF	
Output (Approx.)	7 pF	
Plate Voltage (D.C.)	600 Volts max.	
Plate Dissipation	25 Watts max.	
Grid No.2 Screen Voltage (D.C.)	300 Volts max.	
Grid No.2 Dissipation	3.5 Watts max.	

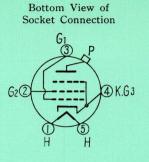
POWER PENTODE

Filament, Coated :	
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 Volts
Current	1.5 Amperes.
Heating Time	Less than 2 seconds
Mu-Factor Grid No. 2 to Grid No. 1	9
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:	
Grid No.1 to Plate	0.2 pF max.
Input (Approx.)	13 pF
Output (Approx.)	8 pF
Plate Voltage (DC)	750 Volts max.
Plate Dissipation	33 Watts max.
Grid No.2 (Screen) Voltage (DC)	275 Volts max.
Grid No.2 (Screen) Dissipation	10 Watts max.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.



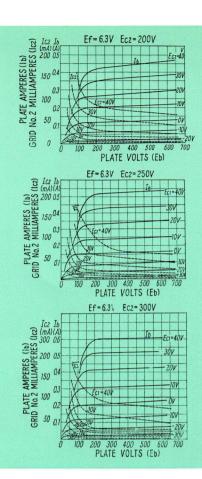


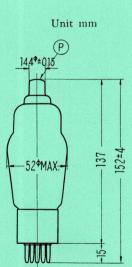


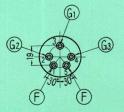
Cap —Plate Pin 1—Heater Pin 2—Grid No. 2 (Screen Grid) Pin 3—Grid No. 1 (Control Grid) Pin 4—Cathode, Grid No. 3 Pin 5—Heater

TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

VERTICAL: Bace up or down HORIZONTAL: Plane of electrodes vertical (on edge)

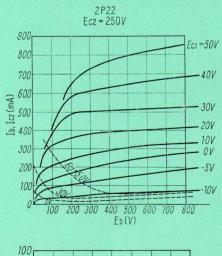


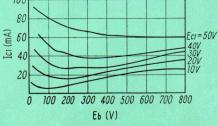




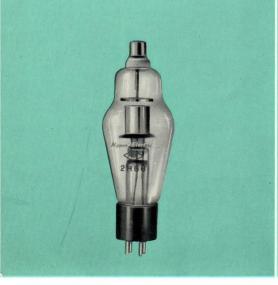
Bottom View of Socket Connection G_1 G_2 G_2 G_2 G_2 G_3 FF G_3 G_3 G_3 G_3 G_3 G_3 G_3 G_4 G_3 G_5 G_6 G_7 G_9 G_9

> Pin 1-Filament Pin 2-Grid No. 2 Pin 3-Grid No. 1 Pin 4-Grid No. 3 Pin 5-Filament Cap-Plate





NEC 2H66 EUROPEAN TYPE 2V/400A AMERICAN TYPE 866-A/866



HALF-WAVE MERCURY-VAPOR RECTIFIER

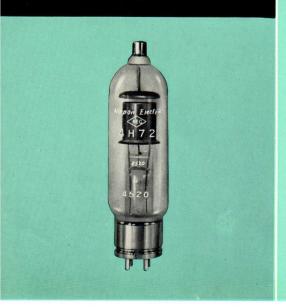
Filament * Oxide coated			的过去式是当时的时候	
Voltage (A.C)		2.5 Volts		
Current		5 Amperes		
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)	15 Volts			
Peak Inverse Voltage For Supply Freq. up to 150 c/s	2,000 Volts max.		10,000 Volts max.	
Peak Plate Current	2 Ampere max.		1 Ampere max.	
Average Plate Current	0.5 Ampere max.		0.25 Ampere max.	
Condenced Mercury Temp.	25°-	~60°C #	25°∼50°C	

* The filament of the 2H66 should be allowed to come up to operating temperature before plate voltage is applied. For average conditions, the delay is approximately 30 seconds.

Operation at $40^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ C is recommended.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

NEC 4H72 EUROPEAN TYPE 4064B AMERICAN TYPE 872-A/872



HALF-WAVE MERCURY-VAPOR RECTIFIER

Filament * Oxide coated			
Voltage (A.C.)	5 Volts		
Current	7.5 Amperes		
Peak Inverse Voltage For Supply Frequency up to 150 c/s Condensed—Mercury Temp. 25° to 55°C#		10,000 Volts max.	
Peak Plate Current		5 Amperes max.	
Average Plate Current		1.25 Amperes max.	
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)		10 Volts	

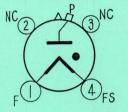
* The filament of the 4H72 should be allowed to come up to operating temperature before plate voltage is applied. For average conditions the delay is approximately 30 seconds.

Operation at $40^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ C is recommended.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.



Bottom View of Socket Connection



Gas-Type Tube
Pin 1-Filament
Pin 2-No Connection
Pin 3-No Connection
Pin 4-Filament, Cathode shield
P—Plate

TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

VERTICAL: Base down HORIZONTAL: No

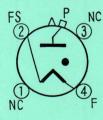


NC

17.5

FS

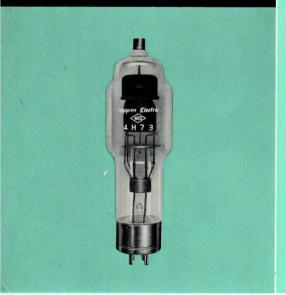
Bottom View of Socket Connection



●-Gas-Type Tube Pin 1-No Connection Pin 2-Filament, Cathode shield Pin 3-No Connection Pin 4-Filament P --Plate

TUBE MOUNTING POSITION

VERTICAL: Base down HORIZONTAL: No



HALF-WAVE MERCURY-VAPOR RECTIFIER

The 4H73 is a half wave, mercury-vapor rectifier tube designed to with stand high peak inverse voltage, and to conduct at relatively low applied voltage.

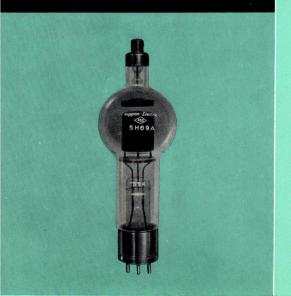
Filament Oxide coated			
Voltage (A.C.)		5 Volts	
Current		10 Amperes	
Heating Time (Minimum)		30 sec.	
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)		10 Volts	
Peak Inverse Voltage For Supply Frequency up to 150 c/s Condensed—Mercury Temp. 25~55°C*		15,000 Volts max.	
Peak Plate Current 6		6 Amperes max.	
Average Plate Current		1.5 Amperes max.	

* Operating at $35 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C is recommended.

The 4H73 (673) has the same ratings and characteristics as the type 575-A. Mechanically, however, the 4H73 (673) differs from the 575-A in its base, basing Connections, and overall length.

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.





HALF-WAVE MERCURY-VAPOR RECTIFIER

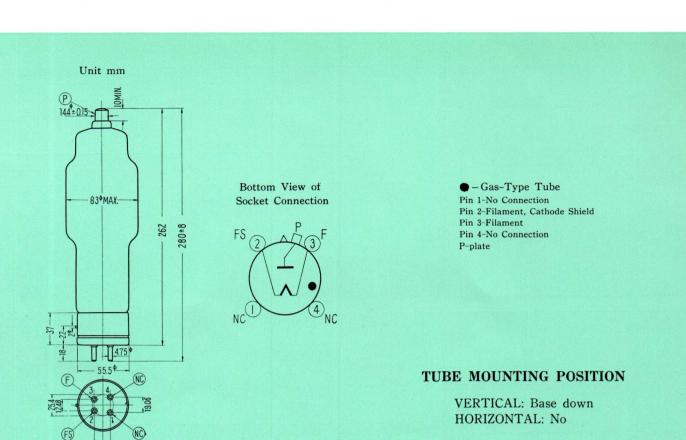
Filament* Oxide coated			
Voltage (A.C.) 5 Volts			
Current	19 Amperes		
Peak Inverse Voltage For Supply Frequency up to 150 c/s Condensed Mercury Temp. 30°~40° C#20,000 Volts ma			
Peak Plate Current 10 Amperes max.			
Average Plate Current 2.5 Amperes max.			
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)	15 Volts		

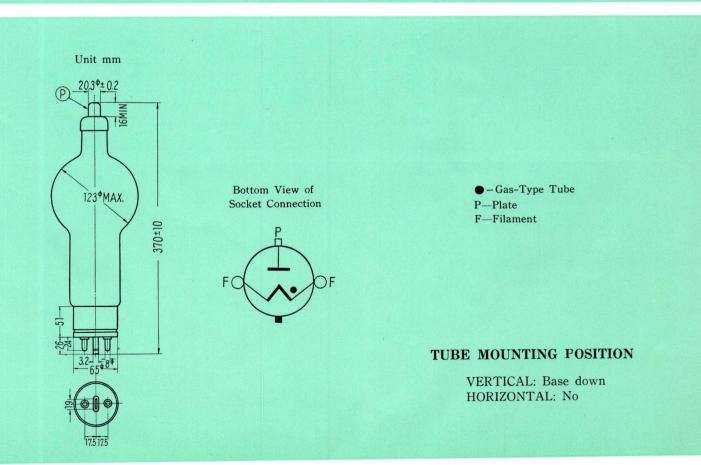
* The filament of the 5H69A should be allowed to come up to operating temperature before plate voltage is applied.For average conditions, the delay is approximately 1 minute.

Forced ventilation, recommended temperature of condensed mercury 35°C ± 5°C

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

10.5 8.4





NEC 7H57 EUROPEAN TYPE AH-205 AMERICAN TYPE 857-B

NEC 2H28 EUROPEAN TYPE DCX4/1000 AMERICAN TYPE 3B28



HALF-WAVE MERCURY-VAPOR RECTIFIER

Filament* Oxide coated			
Voltage (A.C.)	5 Volts		
Current	30 Amperes		
Peak Inverse Voltage For Supply Frequency up to 150 c/s Condensed—Mercury Temp. 30°~40°		20,000 Volts max.	
Peak Plate Current	40 Amperes max.		
Average Plate Current	10 Amperes max.		
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)	15 Volts		
* The filament of the 7H57 should the temperature before plate voltage is For average conditions the delay is	applie	d.	

Note: On the tube nomenclature of the American equivalent type is also printed.

HALF-WAVE INERT-GAS-FILLED RECTIFIER

The 2H28 (3B28) is an inert-gas-filled, half wave rectifier for use in high voltage rectifier circuits.

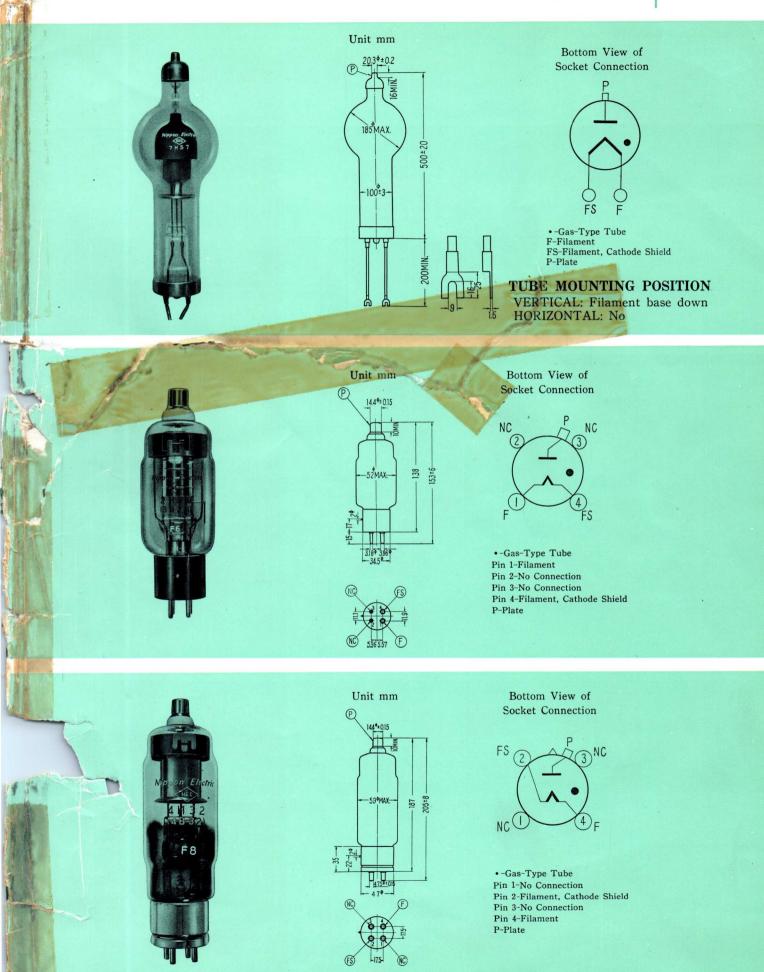
	1	a second a second			
Filament Oxide coated					
Voltage (A.C)		2.5 Volts			
Current		5 Amperes			
Heating Time (Minimum)	5 Sec.		ec.		
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)			14 Volts		
	Maximum Freq. 500 c/s			Maximum Freq. 150 c/s	
Peak Inverse Voltage	5,000 Volts max.		s max.	10,000 Volts max.	
Peak Plate Current	2	2 Amperes max.		1 Amperes max.	
Average Plate Current	0.5 Amperes max.		es max.	0.25 Amperes max	
Ambient Temperature Limits		-55 to+75°C		-55 to+75°C	
			and the second se		

HALF-WAVE INERT-GAS-FILLED RECTIFIER

The 4H32 (4B32) is an inert-gas-filled, half wave rectifier for use in high voltage rectifier circuits.

Voltage (A.C.)	5 Volts
Current	7.5 Amperes
Heating Time (Minimum)	30 Sec.
Tube Voltage Drop (Approx.)	10 Volts
Peak Inverse Voltage	10,000 Volts max.
Peak Plate Current	5 Amperes max.
Average Plate Current	1.25 Amperes max.
Maximum Frequency	150 c/s
Ambient Temperature Limits	-55 to +70°C







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