

# DISC SEAL TRIODE

# TDI-100A

Application: *Grounded grid class 'C' power amplifier.*  
 Power output: *12W at 2500Mc/s.*  
 Frequency: *2500Mc/s at full ratings.*  
 Cooling: *Natural or forced-air.*

This data should be read in conjunction with GENERAL OPERATIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS—MICROWAVE DEVICES preceding this section of the handbook.

## HEATER

$V_h$	6.3	V
$I_h$	1.0	A

## MOUNTING POSITION

Any

## CAPACITANCES (measured without external shield)

$C_{a-g}$	2.0	pF
$C_{g-k}$	6.6	pF
$C_{a-k}$	< 0.035	pF

## CHARACTERISTICS

$V_a$	600	V
$I_a$	78	mA
$V_g$	-2.3	V
$g_m$	25	mA/V
$\mu$	100	

## COOLING

Natural or forced-air

$T_{\text{anode core max.}}$	175	°C
$T_{\text{seals max.}}$	175	°C

The amount of cooling air required using the recommended cowling (see drawing) is given in the curves. In most applications the seals will require additional cooling. If a cowling is not used, up to twice as much air may be required to keep the anode below its maximum rated temperature measured at the anode core.

Where the anode of the valve is in contact with a circuit which has a high thermal capacity, some cooling is provided by conduction.

## CLASS 'C' TELEGRAPHY

### Limiting values (absolute ratings)

$V_a$ max.	1.0	kV
$p_a$ max.	100	W
$-V_g$ max.	150	V
$+V_{g(pk)}$ max.	30	V
$-V_{g(pk)}$ max.	400	V
$p_g$ max.	2.0	W
$I_g$ max.	50	mA
$I_k$ max.	125	mA

### Operating conditions

$f$	500	2500	Mc/s
$V_a$	800	900	V
$I_a$	80	90	mA
$V_g$	-20	-22	V
$I_g$	32	27	mA
$P_{\text{load driver}}$	6	—	W
$P_{\text{out}}$	27	12	W

### CLASS 'C' TELEPHONY

#### Limiting values (absolute ratings)

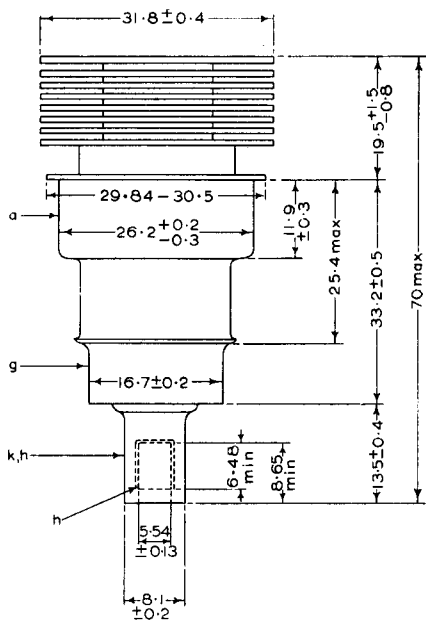
$V_a$ max.	600	V
$p_a$ max.	70	W
$-V_g$ max.	150	V
$+v_{g(pk)}$ max.	30	V
$-v_{g(pk)}$ max.	400	V
$p_g$ max.	2.0	W
$I_g$ max.	50	mA
$I_k$ max.	100	mA

#### Operating conditions

$f$	500	Mc/s
$V_a$	600	V
$I_a$	65	mA
$V_g$	-16	V
$I_g$	35	mA
$P_{drive}$ (approx.)	5.0	W
$P_{out}$	18	W

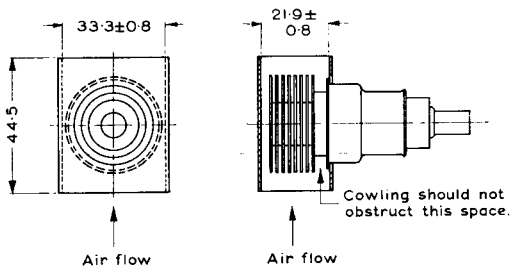
The TD1-100A operates at frequencies where transit time effects cause back bombardment heating of the cathode. At frequencies higher than 400 Mc/s, the heater voltage may have to be reduced after operation commences, depending on the conditions; e.g., for full voltage and current the following values apply:

$f$ (Mc/s)	$V_h$ (V)
< 400	6.3
400 to 1000	6.0
1000 to 1500	5.5
1500 to 2000	5.0
> 2000	4.5

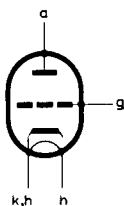


All dimensions in mm

4398



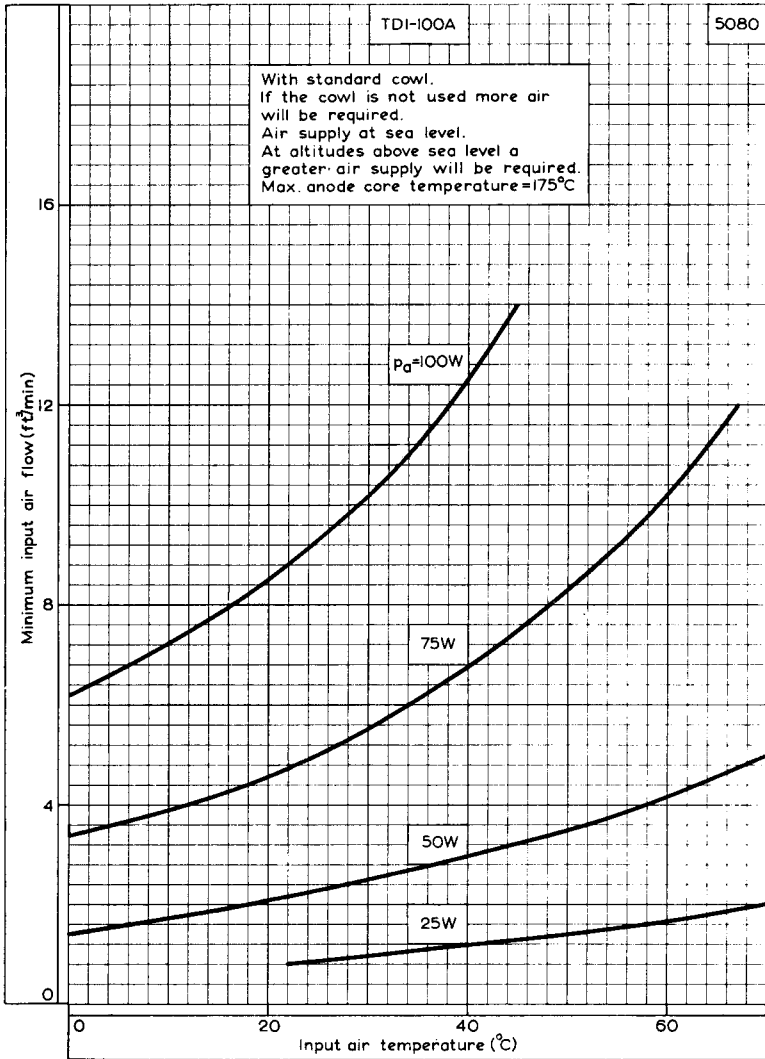
Standard cowl



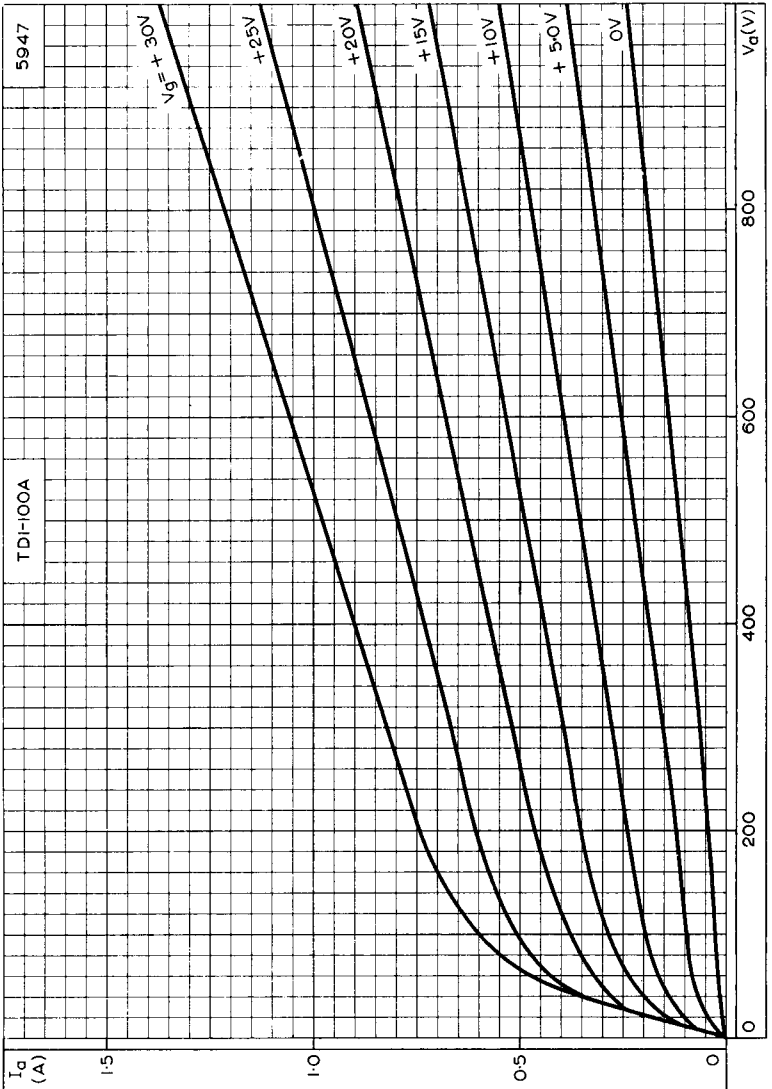
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## DISC SEAL TRIODE



MINIMUM INPUT AIR FLOW PLOTTED AGAINST INPUT AIR TEMPERATURE

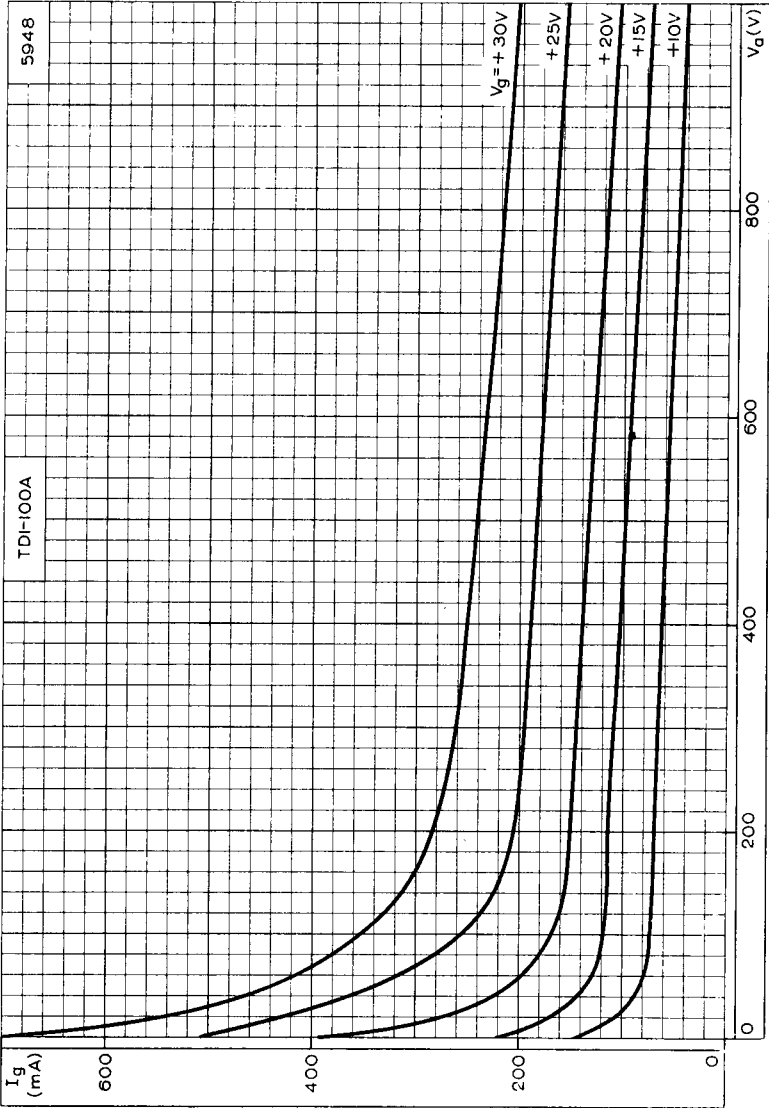


ANODE CURRENT PLOTTED AGAINST ANODE VOLTAGE WITH GRID VOLTAGE AS PARAMETER



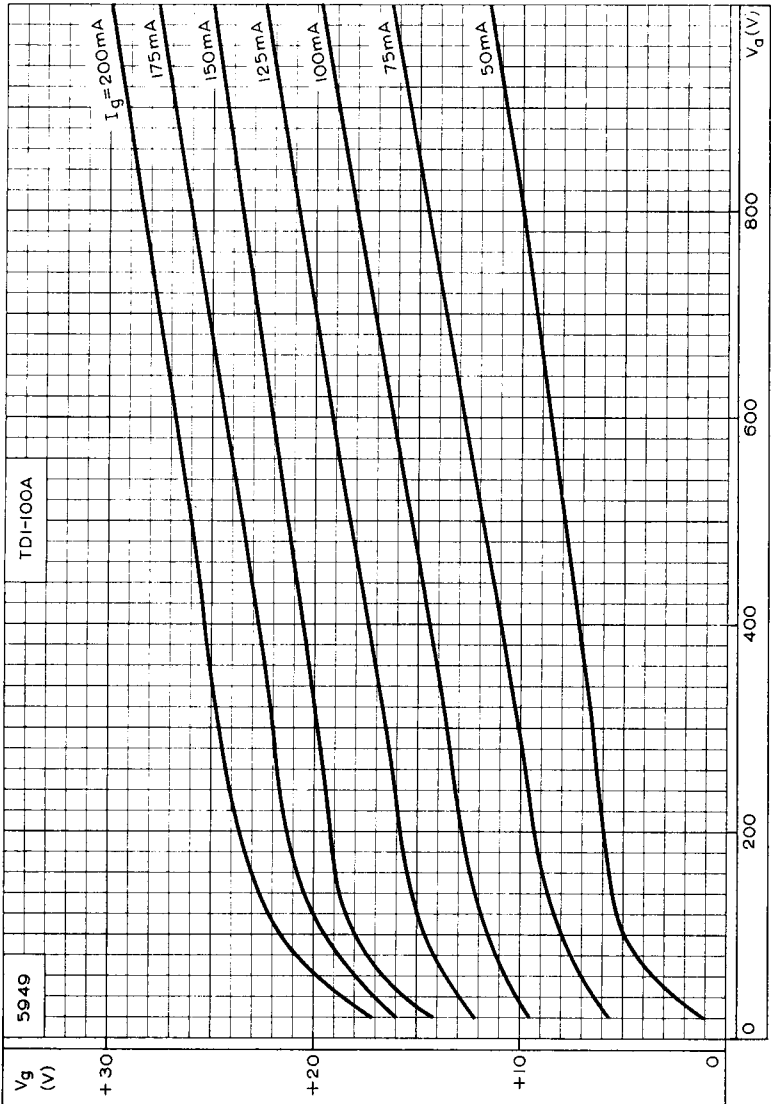
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DISC SEAL TRIODE

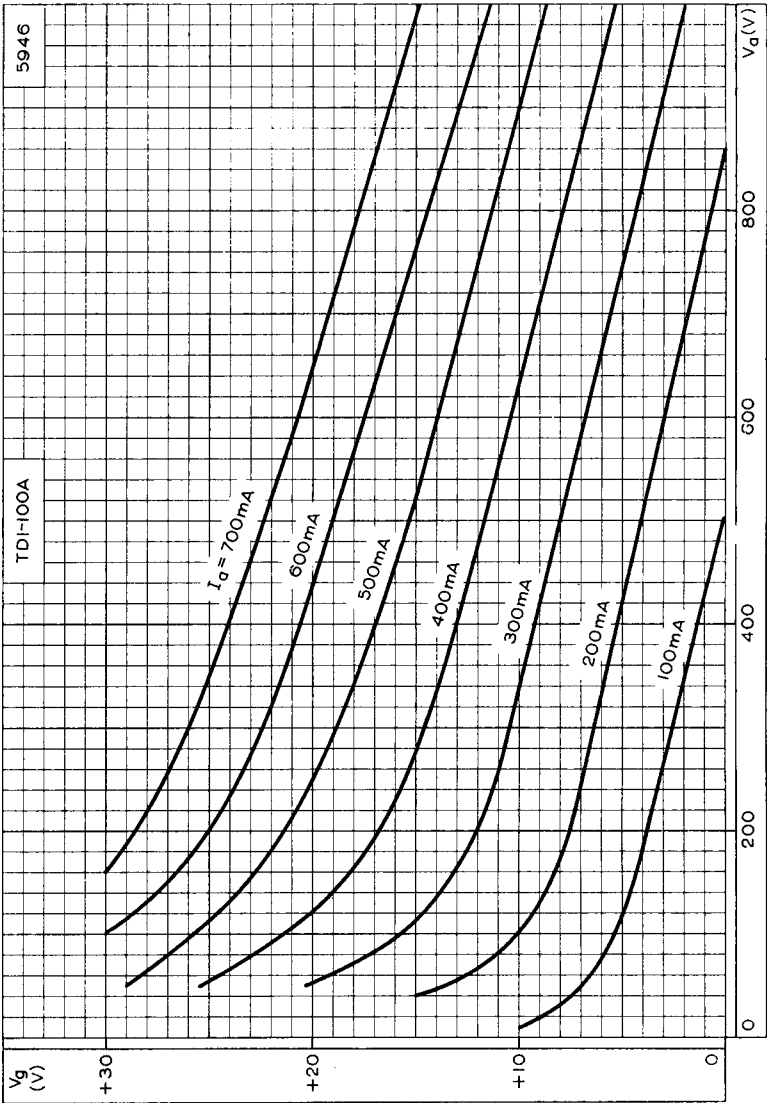


GRID CURRENT PLOTTED AGAINST ANODE VOLTAGE WITH GRID VOLTAGE AS PARAMETER





CONSTANT GRID CURRENT CURVES



CONSTANT ANODE CURRENT CURVES