

Preliminary SPECIFICATION

M41EAA250WB00

41 cm / 17 inch rectangular monochrome CRT landscape format

Modifications may be agreed upon after evaluation of about 200 products



Contents	Page
APPLICATION	3
TECHNICAL RESPONSIBILITY	4
DISTRIBUTION LIST	5
CHARACTERISTICS	6
IMPORTANT NOTES	7
MECHANICAL DATA	8
MAXIMUM OF NON-DEFLECTED SPOT LANDING	9
OPTICAL DATA	10
PERMISSIBLE GLASS AND SCREEN DEFECTS	11
RESOLUTION (AT 50 % OF PEAK VALUE)	13
ELECTRICAL DATA	14
ABSOLUTE LIMITING VALUES	15
GRID DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS	17
ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS	18
ESTIMATED LIFE TIME	19
ISO-EXPOSURE CALCULATED FOR 5 µSV/H	20
ISO-EXPOSURE CALCULATED FOR 1 µSV/H	21
PACKAGING	22
ATTACHMENT 1)	23



Application

For displays in medical and alphanumerical applications.



Technical responsibility

The committed details in this specification are obligatory upon both parties.

Changes and supplements to this specification during the development require the agreement of all persons responsible.

Responsible for the contents of this document are:

Company/Department Name Tel. Date Signature



Distribution list

Name	Date	Release #	Copy #
		1.0	
		1.0	



Characteristics

- High resolution
- 110° 29 mm neck
- High contrast
- High luminance
- Flat & square colour bulb (low browning glass)
- Multicoated panel
- Conductive coated against charging
- Intrinsically safe
- Long life time
- Low phosphor noise
- Low drift
- Protected against internal flash



Important notes

Implosion hazard	CRT's are evacuated. In case of mechanical damage (e.g. by shock or scratches) implosion may occur.
CRT is labelled according	UL 1418 MPR II
High voltage	For reasons of the CRT's capacities, the anode connection can conduct high voltage for a long time after high voltage has been switched off.
X-ray emission	When operating the CRT within the limits, the x-ray dose rate will be under the allowed value of 1 μ Sv/h (equivalent to: 0.1 mR/h).
	The tube is an intrinsic CRT type according the RöV (German Röntgenverordnung) dated Jan, 8th 1987, Part I; Attachment III, paragraph 6.

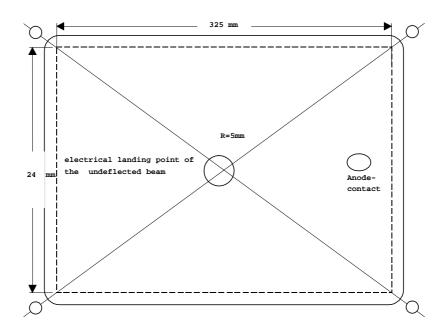


Mechanical data

Useful screen	 Screen diagon Screen width Screen height 		min. 409.8 mm min. 329.0 mm min. 248.1 mm
Inner radius of glass-bulb panel	Diagonal Axis Long Axis Short Axis	R = 113	80 mm
Position of operation	Anode connect	or on the	e right side (front view)
Socket	JEDEC B7-218	3	
Neck diameter	28.6 ± 0.7 mm		
Anode connector	Bulb contact 7.	92	J1–21
Deflection yoke	-		
Weight	Approx. 7,2 kg		
Mechanical outlines Overall length Base Configuration	See attachmen max. 315 mm See attachmen	·	



Maximum of non-deflected spot landing



- Phosphor material must be everywhere within a window of 244 × 325 mm. The centre of that phosphor window matches the mechanical centre of the CRT.
- The non-deflected spot landing must be within a circle with a radius of 3 mm around a point 3 mm left and 2 mm down from the mechanical centre of the CRT, provided that:
 - the CRT axis is in east-west direction and the front panel is facing east,
 - the anode connector is located on the right,
 - the deflection unit has been mounted to the tube,
 - there is a metal shield behind the deflection unit around the tube neck.
- The maximum rotation angle of the deflection unit may not exceed 0.2°.

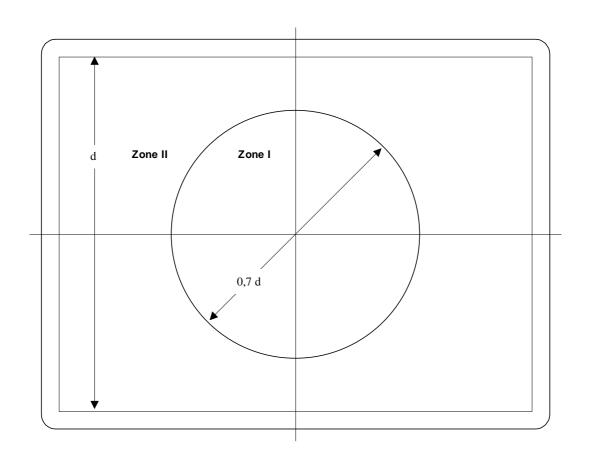
CRT Specification M41EAA250WB00



Optical data		
Total transmission of bulb including coating / panel.	Approx. 27 % at 54	l6 nm
Phosphor	P45	
Colour co-ordinates: (during operation at a luminance of 250 cd/m ²)	x = 0.250 ± 0.01 y = 0.320 ± 0.01	measured with LMT Colormeter or Minolta CA100 adjusted to P45
Front panel	Anti-static < 2 k Ω/\Box The connection of t	OEL-65 or equivalent
Uniformity of luminance		el of 60 cd/m ² the luminance the centre and any point of t exceed 15 cd/m ² .
Glass bulb	NEG 17" 110° H28	3.6 or equivalent
Copper Strip Connection Getter mounting Silicon diameter Label Location	See attachment 2 On top of gun > 80 mm See attachment 1)	



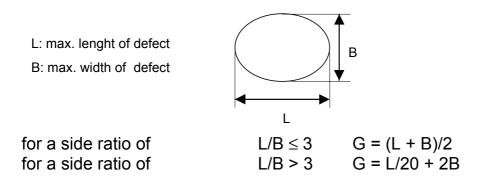
Permissible Glass and Screen Defects



d = 244 mm



Defect size G for the screen and glass specification



Permissible defects inclusive Panel

Defect size G in mm	Number of defects		
Delect size G in min	Zone I	Zone II	Sum 1)
≤ 0.2	Any, but no accumulation		
$0.2 < G \le 0.4$	2	3	4
$0.4 < G \le 0.6$	-	3	3
Distance between defects	≥ 50 mm	≥ 50 mm	

¹⁾ Maximum number of all defects in zone I + II : 4

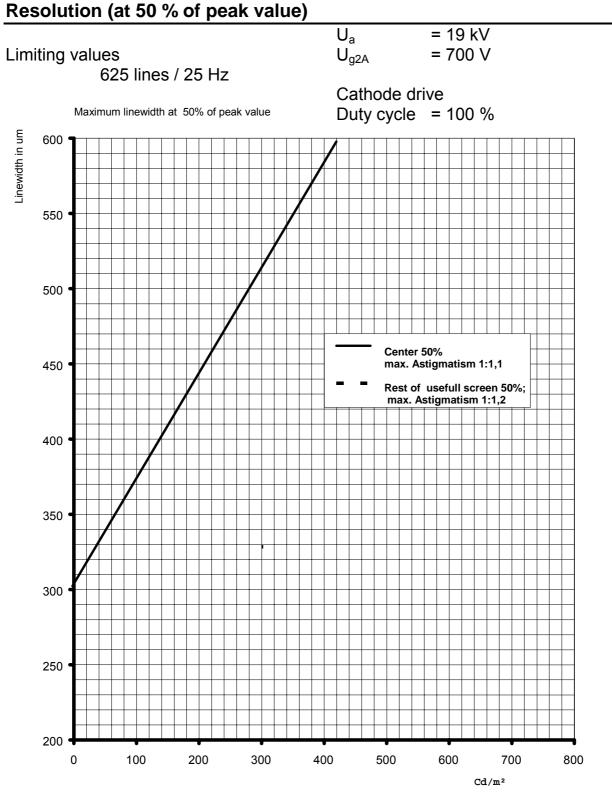
The maximum number of phosphor defects with defect size 0,1 < G \leq 0,2 within in area of 30 × 30 mm : 3.

Permissible panel scratches:

Sum \leq 2, distance \geq 50 mm, max. length/scratch \leq 10 mm, max. width \leq 50 μ m.

All defects are measured with Peak Stand Micro 25×





The focus is adjusted at 100 cd/m² and it is not allowed to readjust the focus voltage during the measurement. Measured with PDS spotvision system or Microvision SS100



Electrical data

Deflection	Magnetically
deflection angle:	 horizontal approx. 99° vertical approx. 84° diagonal approx.110°
Focussing	Electrostatic
Maximum leakage * currents	lg2 ± 5 μA lg4 ± 25 μA
Capacity (Grid 1 to all other electrodes)	C _{g1} <8 ± 1pF
Capacity (Cathode to all other electrodes)	C _{Cat} 3 ± 1 pF
Capacity (Focus to all other electrodes)	C _{g3} 4 ± 1 pF
Capacity (Anode to outer coating)	C 600 – 1500 pF



Absolute limiting values

Cathode is reference point for all voltage values			
First accelerating voltage	U _{g2A}	max. 1000 V min. 400 V	
Second accelerating voltage	U _a	max. 21 kV min. 13 kV	
Focus voltage	U _{g3}	max. 1000V -200 V	
Grid1 voltage	– U _{g1}	max. 400 V min. 3 V	
Heating against cathode	U _{hc}	100 V	
	I _{hc}	max. 15 μΑ	
Anode current			
Long time average value		max. 300 μA	

Peak value

max. 300 µA max. 800 µA

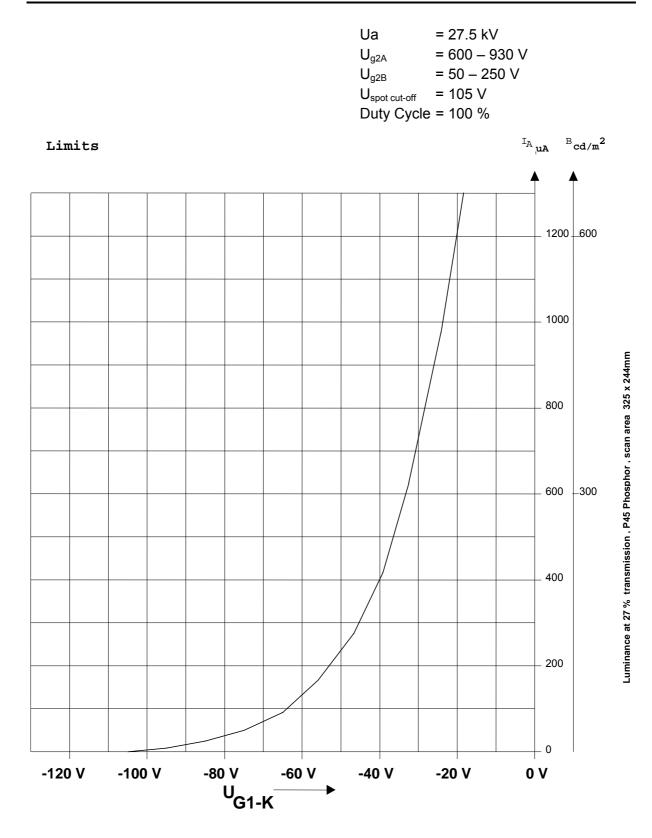
Operating values



Cathode heating	 Indirect Heating voltage Heating current 		6.15 V +2 % / -5 % approx. 240 mA
Cathode is reference p	point for all follow	ving vo	oltage values
First accelerating voltag	е	U_{g2}	700 V
Grid 1 voltage (for spot suppression)		– U _{g1}	max. 120 V min. 60 V
Second accelerating vol	tage	U _a	19 kV
Drive voltage (grid drive (from IC = 0 μ A to IC = 80 at U _a = 19 kV U _{g2} = 700 V (Spot Duty cycle = 100 %	0 μΑ)	ΔU_{g1}	max. 70 V
Focus voltage (at centre of screen at IC	= 100 µA)	U _{g3}	min. 0 V max. 400 V
Dynamic focus voltage with reference yoke		U _{g3 dyr}	_n max. 450 V



Grid drive characteristics





Environmental conditions

Temperature range:

Operation	0 to + 70 °C Max. relative humidity 75 % Non-condensing
Storage	- 25 to + 70 °C
Max. temperature gradient	20 °C/h
Air pressure	400 hPa – 1060 hPa



Estimated life time

Decrease of measured brightness of 350 Cd/m² at constant drive.

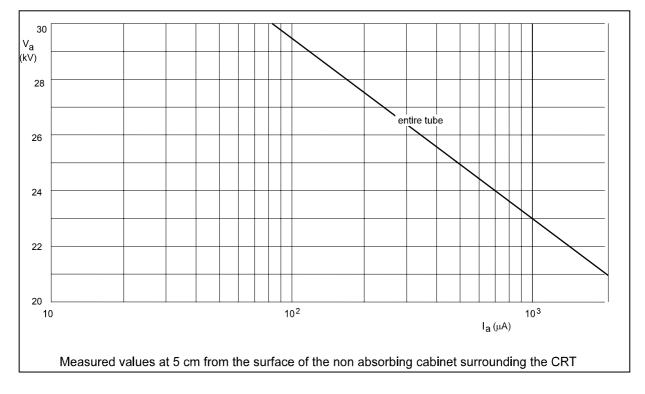
After 2000 hours	< 25 %
After 10 000 hours	< 30 %
After 20 000 hours	< 35 %
Burning Conditions	Duty cycle = 100% Scan frequency = 15 kHz Scan area 325 x 244 mm



Iso-exposure Calculated for 5 µSv/h

Rate Limit Curve

Calculated for 5 $\mu S \nu / h$

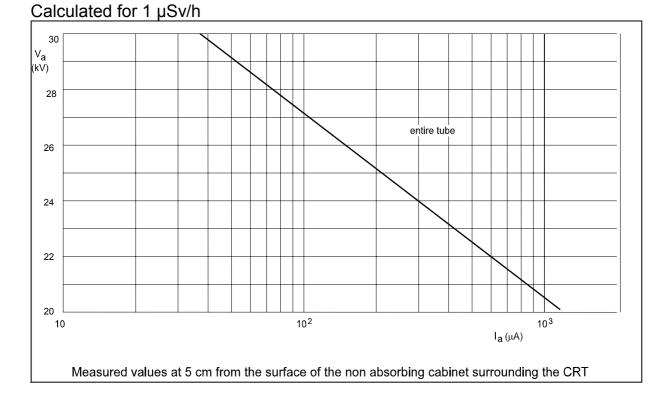


The X-radiation emitted will not exceed 1 μ Sv/h for anode voltage and current combinations shown in the iso-exposure-rate limit curve, according to Eigensichere Kathodenstrahlröhre nach "*Anlage III Röntgenverordnung*".



Iso-exposure Calculated for 1 µSv/h

Rate Limit Curve



The X-radiation emitted will not exceed 1 μ Sv/h for anode voltage and current combinations shown in the iso-exposure-rate limit curve, according to Eigensichere Kathodenstrahlröhre nach "*Anlage III Röntgenverordnung*".

Release: 1.0 Date: 22.04.2003



Packaging

Packaging t.b.f.



Attachment 1)

