

HITACHI PICTURE TUBE

12AYP4

110° Deflection Squared Corner Type

The Hitachi 12AYP4 is a directly viewed, squared corner type rectangular 12" glass picture tube having aluminized screen 7-11/16"×9-13/16" with nearly area of 71 square inches.

The 12AYP4 features an envelope having relatively flat, compound radius faceplate that minimizes the obstruction of outer light reflection and make the picture clearer.

Other design features of the 12AYP4 include a very short electron gun that minimizes deflection distortion and requires no ion trap magnet; a neck diameter of 1-1/8"; and "neoeighter" 7-pin base of the integral glass button type having straight through leads fitted with an indexing plug.

ELECTRICAL DATA

Focusing Method	Electrostatic
Deflection Angles (approx.)	
Horizontal	101 Degrees
Vertical	82 Degrees
Diagonal	110 Degrees
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances	
Cathode to All Other Electrodes (approx.)	5 μf
Grid No. 1 to All Other Electrodes (approx.)	6 μf
External Conductive Coating to Anode	900 μf max.
	400 μf min.
Heater Characteristics	
Heater Voltage	6.3 Volts
Heater Current	0.45 Amperes
Heater Warm up Time	11 Seconds

Anode Voltage	10,000 Volts
Grid No. 4 Voltage (Focusing Electrode) (Notes 2 & 3)	0 to 400 Volts
Grid No. 2 Voltage	400 Volts
Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 1)	-36 to -94 Volts

Cathode Drive Service

Unless otherwise specified, all voltage values are positive with respect to Grid No. 1.

Anode Voltage	10,000 Volts
Grid No. 4 Voltage (Focusing Electrode) (Note 2 & 3)	0 to 400 Volts
Grid No. 2 Voltage	400 Volts
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)36 to 78 Volts

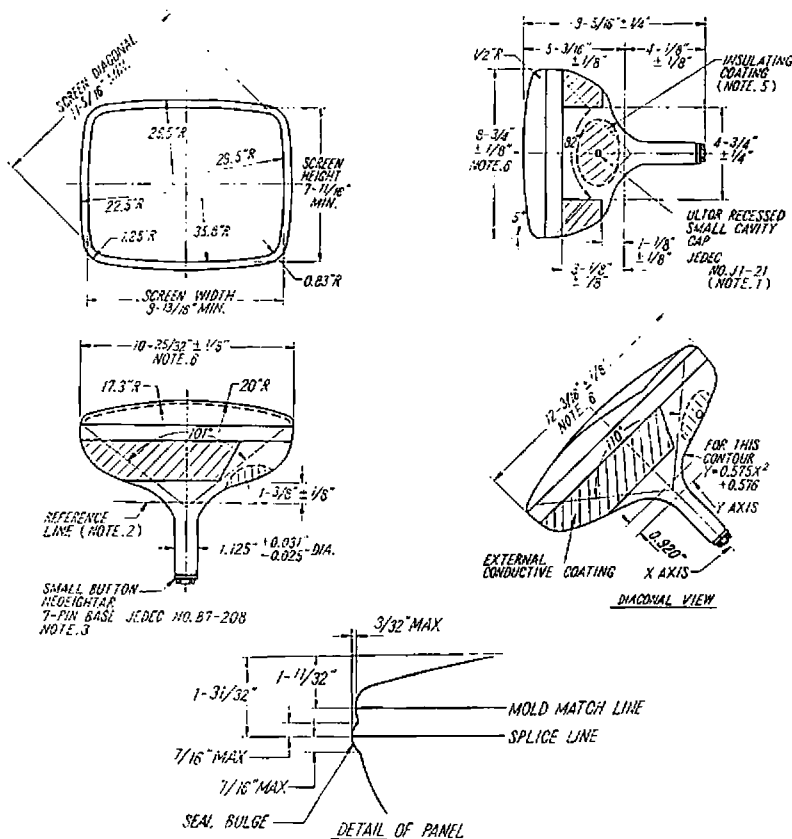
Maximum Circuit Value

Maximum Grid No. 1 Circuit Resistance1.5 Megohms

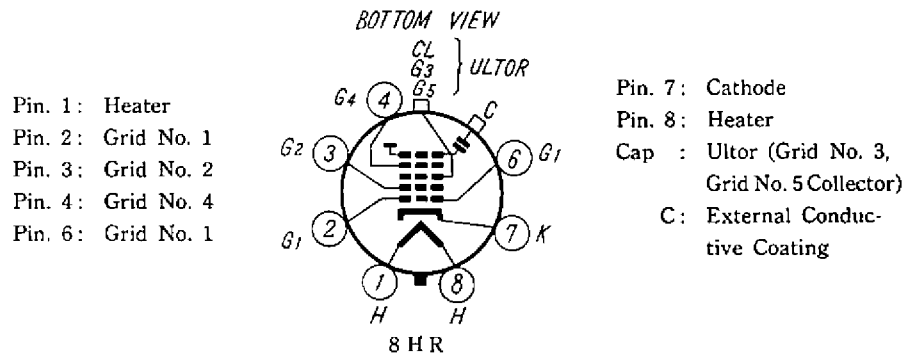
- Note 1.** Visual extinction of focused raster.
- Note 2.** With the combined grid No. 1 bias voltage and video-signal voltage adjusted to give an anode current of 100 microamperes on a 7-11/16" × 9-13/16" pattern from RCA 2F21 Monoscope or equivalent.
- Note 3.** Individual tubes will have satisfactory focus at some value between 0 and +400 Volts.

Warning

X-ray radiation shielding may be necessary to protect against possible danger of personal injury from prolonged exposure at close range if this tube is operated at higher than the manufacturer's Maximum Rated Anode Voltage or 16,000 Volts, whichever is less.



SOCKET CONNECTIONS



NOTE 1 : The plane through the tube axis and pin No. 4 may vary from the plane through the tube axis and ultor terminal by angular tolerance (measured about the tube axis) of $\pm 30^\circ$. Ultor terminal is on same side as pin No. 4.

NOTE 2 : With tube neck inserted through flared end of reference-line gauge JEDEC No. 126 and with tube seated in gauge, the reference-line is determined by the intersection of the plane CC' of the gauge with the glass funnel

NOTE 3 : Socket for this base should not be rigidly mounted; it should have flexible leads and be allowed to move freely. The design of the socket should be such that the circuit wiring cannot impress lateral strains through the socket contacts on the base pins. Bottom circumference of base wafer will fall within a circle concentric with bulb axis and having a diameter of 1-3/4".

NOTE 4 : External conductive coating must be grounded.

NOTE 5 : To clean this area, wipe only with soft dry lintless cloth.

NOTE 6 : Measured at the mold match line.



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